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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/893,706	06/29/2001	Saburou Ikeda	F-11500	5839
466 7590 06/30/2008 YOUNG & THOMPSON		8	EXAMINER	
209 Madison Street			ROBINSON BOYCE, AKIBA K	
Suite 500 ALEXANDRI	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3628	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/30/2008	PAPER

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1	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
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3	DEFORE THE DOADD OF DATENT ADDEAL O
4 5	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES
6	AND INTERFERENCES
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8	Ex parte SABUROU IKEDA
9	Ex parte SABOROO IREDA
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11	Appeal 2007-4043
12	Application 09/893,706
13	Technology Center 3600
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15	
16	Decided: June 30, 2008
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19	Before WILLIAM F. PATE, III, MURRIEL E. CRAWFORD, and
20	HUBERT C. LORIN, Administrative Patent Judges.
21	CD AWTOOD ALL ALL DO NOT A
22	CRAWFORD, Administrative Patent Judge.
23	
24 25	DECISION ON APPEAL
25 26	DECISION ON AFFEAL
27	STATEMENT OF CASE
28	Appellant appeals under 35 U.S.C. § 134 (2002) from a final rejection
29	of claims 1 to 20 and 23. Claims 21 and 22 have been canceled. We have
30	jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 6(b) (2002).
31	Appellant invented an electronic toll payment system for a highway
32	toll and a transportation management system (Specification 1).
	ton and a transportation management system (Specification 1).

1	Claim 1 under appe	al reads as follows:			
2	1. A toll	payment system which comp	rises:		
3	a portable tel	ephone on a car of a contract	or of electronic toll		
4 5	payment service;				
	base stations	connected with said portable	telephone;		
6	and				
7		ected with said base stations	,		
8		server comprises:			
9		y for storing locations of said			
10		nory for storing names of cor			
11		oll for each section along a hi			
12		tification unit for identifying			
13 14		said portable telephone on the basis of said locations of said base station which are connected with said portable telephone;			
15		onnected with said portable to tion unit for calculating a toll			
16		ntified driving route; and	on the basis of said		
17		g unit for charging said porta	hle telephone the		
18	calculated toll.	g unit for charging said porta	ibic telephone the		
19	calculated ton.				
20	The Examiner rejec	ted claims 1 to 20 and 23 uno	der 35 U.S.C.		
21	§ 103(a) as being unpaten	table over Treyz in view of H	lassett.		
22	The prior art relied	upon by the Examiner in reje	ecting the claims on		
23	appeal is:				
24	Hassett	US 6,653,946 B1	Nov. 25, 2003		
25	Treyz	US 6,711,474 B1	Mar. 23, 2004		
26	-				

Appellant contends that Treyz does not disclose a second memory for storing names of contractors or their car numbers.

Appellant also contends that Hassett does not disclose a toll calculation unit for calculating a toll on the basis of the unit toll that serves plural vehicles.

ISSUES 2 The first issue is whether the Appellant has shown that the Examiner 3 erred in finding that Trevz discloses a second memory for storing names of 4 contractors or their car numbers. 5 The second issue is whether the Appellant has shown that the 6 Examiner in finding that Hassett discloses a toll calculation unit for 7 calculating a toll on the basis of the unit toll that serves plural vehicles. 8 9 FINDINGS OF FACT 10 Treyz discloses a toll payment system which comprises a portable 11 telephone, which is part of a personal computer 14, in a car of a person who 12 has contracted for toll services (col. 45, 11, 50 to 54; col. 54, 11, 46 to 52). 13 Base stations 56 are connected with the personal computer 14 (col. 11, ll. 3 14 to 10). A server on the contractor's personal computer 14 is connected with 15 the base stations via a wireless connection (col. 17, 1, 66 to col. 18, 1, 3; 16 Figure 2). The server includes a first memory for storing locations of the 17 base stations (col. 11, 11, 51 to 56; col. 44, 11, 15 to 22). The server also 18 includes a second memory on a digital camera 170 (Figure 3). Trevz 19 discloses that the digital camera 170 is capable of capturing license plate 20 images and may be placed in any suitable location (col. 78, 11. 8 to 32). 21 Trevz discloses that tolls may be collected using the server (col. 54, Il. 31 to 22 52). A toll calculation unit at a toll collection facility for calculating the toll 23 and the identified driving route is implicit and certainly suggested by the Treyz disclosure because the toll must be calculated before it is collected. 24 25 Hassett discloses a toll calculation unit for calculating a toll on the 26 basis of a unit toll and the identified route (col. 4, 11, 31 to 33).

1 ANALYSIS

We are not persuaded of error on the part of the Examiner by the Appellants argument that Treyz does not disclose a second memory for storing names of contractors or their car numbers. Specifically, Appellants argue that the digital computer disclosed in Treyz captures images of the license plate of a car that may be tailgating the driver and thus the digital computer does not store images of *contractors* or the car numbers or names of the *contractors*.

We agree with the Examiner that the driver of the vehicle is a contractor as broadly claimed because this person has entered into a contract with the electronic payment service and that the license plate number of the driver is a car number. In addition, we agree with the Examiner that the memory of the digital camera is capable of storing the license plate number of the drivers or contractors because the camera as disclosed can be placed in any location which would include a location in which the driver's license plate number can be captured.

We note that the phrase is claim 1 of "for storing names of contractors or their car numbers" is a statement of intended use. The manner or method in which a machine is to be utilized is not germane to the issue of patentability of the machine itself. *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 580 (CCPA 1967). A statement of intended use does not qualify or distinguish the structural apparatus claimed over the reference. *In re Sinex*, 309 F.2d 488, 492 (CCPA 1962). There is an extensive body of precedent on the question of whether a statement in a claim of purpose or intended use constitutes a limitation for purposes of patentability. *See generally Kropa v. Robie*,

1 187 F.2d 150, 155-59 (CCPA 1951) and the authority cited therein, and 2 cases compiled in 2 Chisum, Patents § 8.06[1][d] (1991). Therefore, as the 3 digital camera of Trevz is capable of storing the car license numbers of the 4 driver, Trevz meets this limitation of claim 1. 5 We are also not persuaded by Appellant's argument that Hassett does 6 not disclose a toll calculation unit for calculating a toll on the basis of the 7 unit toll that serves plural vehicles. Firstly, as Treyz discloses that a toll 8 charge can be collected through the system, a toll calculation unit is implicit 9 and certainly suggested by the Treyz disclosure alone. In addition, Treyz is 10 being relied on for teaching a toll payment system that serves plural 11 vehicles. Hassett is relied on for specifically teaching a toll calculation unit 12 for calculating a toll on the basis of unit toll and identified driving route. 13 We are likewise not persuaded of error on the part of the Examiner by Appellant's arguments that Hassett does not disclose collection of tolls using 14 15 a portable telephone or that Trevz does not disclose how the tolls are 16 calculated, because the rejection is based on the combined teachings of 17 Hassett and Trevz. In this regard, Trevz teaches collecting tolls using a 18 portable telephone, and Hassett discloses that the tolls are collected based on 19 the unit toll and identified driving route.

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1	In view of the foregoing, we will sustain the Examiner's rejection as it
2	is directed to claim 1. We will also sustain the Examiner's rejection as it is
3	directed to claims 2 to 20 and 23 because the Appellant has not argued the
4	separate patentability of these claims.
5	The decision of the Examiner is affirmed.
6	No time period for taking any subsequent action in connection with
7	this appeal may be extended under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(1)(iv) (2007).
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9	<u>AFFIRMED</u>
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17 18 19 20 21	YOUNG & THOMPSON 209 Madison Street Suite 500 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314
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